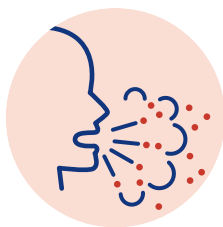


RESPIRATORY SYNCYTIAL VIRUS (RSV) IMMUNIZATION

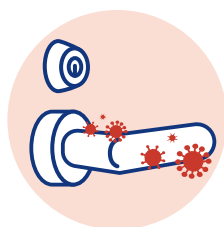
HOW DOES RSV SPREAD?



The virus, in **droplets** from a cough or sneeze, gets into your eyes, nose or mouth.



Through **direct contact** with the virus.

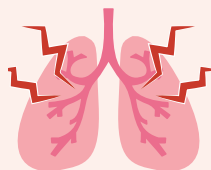


By touching a surface that has the virus on it and then touching your face.

Symptoms of RSV infection may include



- Runny nose
- Decreased appetite
- Coughing
- Sneezing
- Fever
- Wheezing

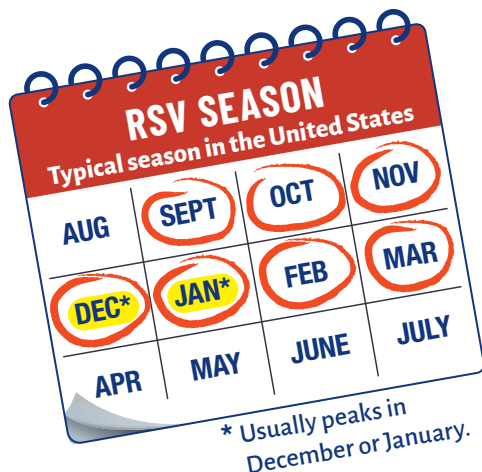


RSV infection can also lead to

- Bronchiolitis
- Pneumonia

Without immunization, most children will be infected by RSV by age 2 years.

The shot for babies is **90% EFFECTIVE** in preventing infants from being hospitalized with RSV.



Babies are protected by either



Vaccine during pregnancy

Given September–January

OR



A shot at birth or at the start of RSV season**

Given September–March

** All infants < 8 months of age or toddlers 8–19 months who are at high risk during their second RSV season.

